

Table 1. Detection of *Mycobacterium avium subsp. paratuberculosis (MAP)* in boot swab samples and individual faecal samples, absolute numbers with the percentage in brackets.

				Positive	Negative	Missing	Total
Farm	Breed	Housing system	Animals tested ¹	MAP positive ²	MAP Boot swab		
16	RF ³	loose housing	17	2 (11.8%)	negative		
17	AS ⁴	tight stall	2	1 (50.0%)	negative		
18	BS ⁵	tight stall	4	0 (0.0%)	negative		
24	TG ⁶	loose housing	15	0 (0.0%)	negative		
53	AS	tight stall	14	3 (21.4%)	positive		
55	AS	loose housing	20	4 (20.0%)	positive		
56	AS	tight stall	18	6 (33.3%)	positive		
57	BS	tight stall	17	3 (17.6%)	negative		
58	BS	loose housing	34	12 (35.3%)	positive		
88	FV	loose housing	29	4 (13.8%)	positive		
89	FV	tight stall	19	0 (0.0%)	negative		
109	AS	tight stall	14	0 (0.0%)	negative		
All farms	Farms			83 (30.2)	184 (66.9)	8 (2.9)	275 (100)
	Individuals			248 (6.6)	3,417 (90.9)	93 (2.5)	3,758 (100)
Selected farms	Farms			9 (30.0)	21 (70.0)	0 (0)	30 (100)
	Individuals			36 (5.0)	684 (95.0)	0 (0)	720 (100)
	Boot swab samples			5 (16.7)	25 (83.3)	0(0)	30 (100)

¹Number of cattle with a minimum age of 2 years, included in the study; ²Number of animals with *Mycobacterium avium subsp. paratuberculosis*-positive faecal samples with percentage in brackets; ³Red Frisian; ⁴Austrian Simmental; ⁵Brown Swiss; ⁶Tyrolean Grey Cattle.